IS TENSION THE REASON FOR HAIR LOSS (OR) BALDNESS

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Commentary

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There is worldwide awareness on metastasis diseases, sinus issues and allergies caused by pollution [1]. Currently we've got proof that this could conjointly occur in indoor environments. The skin and hair type the primary barrier exposed to pollution. Giant suspended particle, tiny mobile particles, smoke and vaporific pollution choose the scalp and hair, inflicting irritation and injury. Hair loss as a result of pollution (HDP) [2] will exist or mimic steroid hormone phalacrosis rather like diffuse un-patterned hair loss, diffuse alopecia, early cicetritial phalacrosis [3] or chronic telogen discharge will mimic steroid hormone phalacrosis.

Hair loss or hairlessness (technically called alopecia) [4] could be a loss of hair from the pinnacle or body. Hairlessness will visit general hair loss or steroid hormone baldness (male pattern baldness). Some kinds of hairlessness will be caused by alopecia, associate autoimmune disease [5,6]. The acute varieties of alopecia are baldness totalis, that involves the loss of all head hair, and baldness universalis, that involves the loss of all hair from the pinnacle and also the body.

Baldness and hypotrichosis [7] will have several causes, as well as mycosis (tinea capitis), traumatic injury, like by compulsive pull (trichotillomania), as a result of actinotherapy or therapy, and as a result of nutritionary deficiencies like Iron deficiency [8,9], and as a results of response phenomena, as well as alopecia and hair loss related to general autoimmune disorder.

Alopecia areata [10] is most typical in individuals younger than twenty, however youngsters and adults of any age is also affected. Girls and men area unit affected equally. Alopecia areata cannot be "cured" however it will be treated. Most of the people have one episode can have additional episodes of hair loss.
Types of alopecia

1. Based on conditions and course of the sickness \(^{[11]}\)

Atopic type: It begins early in life and principally (30-75%) progresses to phalacrosis totalis.

Autoimmune type: It's seen in old teams and is related to response diseases, and progresses to phalacrosis totalis in 10-50%.

Prehypertensive type: It's seen in young adults whose folks square measure hypertensive and progress speedily to phalacrosis totalis in four-hundredth of cases.

Common type: It affects adults aged 20-40 years and phalacrosis totalis develops in 5-15% of cases.

2. Based on pattern of hair loss \(^{[12]}\)

Reticular: little distinct patches might merge and kind larger patches.

Ophiasis: May be a band-like AA on the posterior and temporal margins.

Sisaipho: Additionally known as as ophiasis inversus, presents with phalacrosis involving the frontal, temporal, and membrane bone scalp however spares hair on the scalp edge, mimicking parthenogeny phalacrosis.

3. Based on extent of hairloss \(^{[13]}\)

Patchy phalacrosis areata: it may be single or multiple patches.

Alopecia totalis: Involving the complete scalp hair.

Alopecia universalis: If the overall hair is concerned.

Acute and diffuse total alopecia: It's characterised by feminine preponderance, generalized hair dilution, fast progression, tissue symptom, in depth involvement, temporary clinical course, and favourable prognosis.

Perinaevoid and linear phalacrosis areata: Phalacrosis patches round the nevi and weird shows might occur in linear distribution

Types of Hair Loss
Hair loss is often temporary or long lasting\(^{[14]}\). Temporary hair loss is often straightforward to repair once its cause is known and controlled, or troublesome once it's not in real time clear what the cause is. Hair loss that might presumably are temporary, might become long lasting as a results of Associate in incorrect diagnosing. The potential for such misdiagnoses is maybe the foremost frustrating facet of hair loss for ladies.

**Diagnosis**

Alopecia areata\(^{[15,16]}\) is diagnosed through a case history and physical examination. Your doctor can raise you questions about your hair loss, check out the pattern of your hair loss, and examine your scalp. And he or she might tug gently on a number of hairs or pull some out.

If the explanations for your hair loss isn’t clear, your doctor might do tests to ascertain for a malady that might be inflicting your hair loss. Tests include:

- Hair analysis. Your doctor can take a sample of your hair and examine it below a magnifier. A scalp sample is additionally generally taken.
- Blood tests, as well as testing for a selected condition, like associate active or inactive thyroid (hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism)\(^{[17]}\).

**Signs and Symptoms**

Symptoms of phalacrosis\(^{[18]}\) embrace hair loss in patches sometimes in circular patterns, dandruff, skin lesions, and scarring. alopecia (mild - medium level) sometimes shows in uncommon hair loss areas e.g. eyebrows, backside of the pinnacle or higher than the ears wherever sometimes the male pattern hairlessness doesn't have an effect on. In male-pattern hair loss, loss and dilution begin at the temples and therefore the crown and either thins out or falls out. Female-pattern hair loss happens at the frontal and membrane bone.

Excessive daily hair loss\(^{[19]}\): This is first sign of hair loss usually we notice after hair brushing or combing or shampooing.

Skin condition: It may be due to some hormonal imbalance\(^{[20]}\).

**Psychological stress**\(^{[21]}\).

**Causes of Alopecia**

1. May be due to poor nutrition\(^{[22]}\), limited food intake, and deficiencies in certain nutrients\(^{[23]}\) can cause thinning.
2. May be due to infections like Dissecting cellulitis Fungal infections\(^{[23,24]}\), Tinea capitis\(^{[25,26]}\), olliculitis\(^{[27]}\).
3. May be drugs or by several medications [28].
4. It may be due to air, dust or water pollutant [29].

Treatment
If the affected region is tiny, it's cheap to solely observe the progression of the unwellness [30], because the drawback usually regresses and also the hair might grow back.

The cream but isn't as effective and it takes longer so as to ascertain results. Steroid injections [31] square measure usually utilized in sites. Topical corticosteroids oft fail to enter the skin deeply enough to have an effect on the hair bulbs, that square measure the treatment target, and little lesions generally additionally get ad libitum. Oral corticosteroids [32] decrease the hair loss, however just for the amount throughout that they're taken, and these medicine have serious adverse facet effects.

Conclusion
In our daily life hair loss is most common effect which may be due dirt, air and water pollutant, trauma, in pregnant and many other psychological problem.

The only reason for this is often Hair transplantation is typically distributed below topical anesthetic. A surgeon can move healthy hair from the rear and sides of the pinnacle to areas of cutting. The procedure will take between four and eight hours, and extra sessions may be distributed to create hair even thicker. Transplanted hair falls out at intervals a couple of weeks, however regrows for good at intervals months.

Hair transplants, takes small plugs of skin every that contains a couple of hairs, and implants the plugs into bald sections.

REFERENCES